

SUPPORTING THE IDENTIFICATION OF POLICY PRIORITIES AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR DESIGNING A SUSTAINABLE TRACK TOWARDS CIRCULAR BIO-BASED SYSTEMS

Gülşah Yilan, Project Manager UnitelmaSapienza University of Rome, Italy

Six Pathways to Smart Certification of Bio-based Systems 7 June 2024, Online



Funded by the European Union

SUSTRACK in a Nutshell



- Full name of the project: Supporting the identification of policy priorities and recommendations for designing a sustainable track towards circular bio-based systems
- Start date: 01.11.2022 > End date: 31.10.2025
- Funded under: Horizon Europe | <u>HORIZON-CL6-2022-CIRCBIO-01-03</u> | Coordination and Support Actions (CSA)
- Abstract: The transition from linear fossil-based systems to circular and bio-based systems holds opportunities for reconciling sustainable long-term growth with environmental protection. However, a critical assessment of the environmental, social, and economic impacts of the linear economy, as well as of the improvement potential associated with circular systems, is needed to underpin the identification of policy priorities. Accordingly, SUSTRACK aims at supporting policymakers in their efforts to develop sustainable pathways to replace fossil and carbon-intensive systems with sustainable circular and biobased systems, contributing to achieving the European Green Deal's objectives.

- Website: https://sustrack.eu/
- Social media: Twitter, LinkedIn



SUSTRACK Main and Specific Objectives





provide knowledge and tools for monitoring and assessing the environmental, social and economic impacts of both the linear, fossil-intensive economy and a circular, bio-based economy





identify priorities and defining actions to support policy makers in their efforts to promote the sustainable transition, in consideration of EU, local and cross-territorial value chains.



To identify, assess and prioritise the environmental, economic and social limits of a linear, carbon-intensive and fossilbased economy



To develop knowledge and tools for monitoring and assessing the impacts of circular, bio-based versus linear, fossil-based production systems



To assess the environmental, social and economic impacts of the sustainable transition



To create, simulate and interpret a variety of scenarios for the sustainable transition

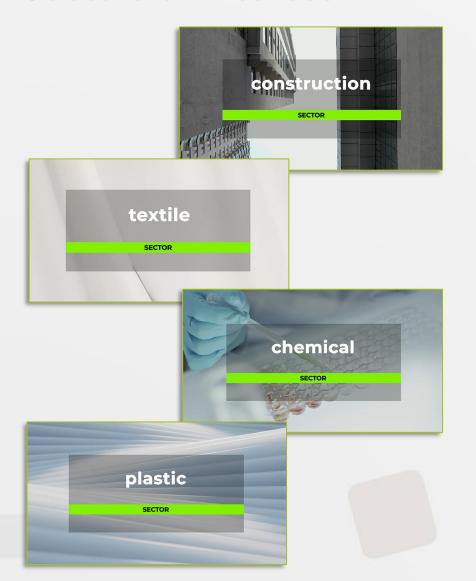


To identify policy priorities, define corresponding policy actions and provide recommendations



Sectors of interest

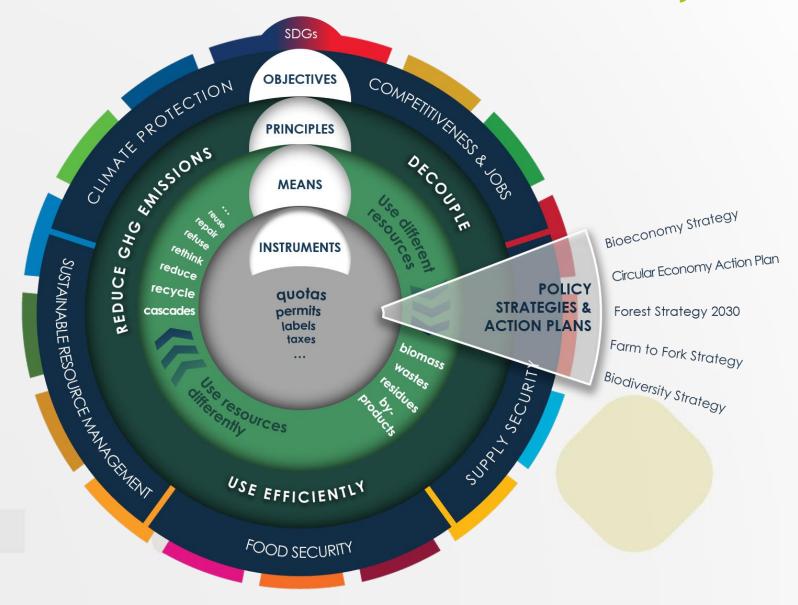




Sector	Case study
	Cross-laminated timber
Construction	Biochar as an additive in concrete
	Hemp insulation
Textile	Recycled carded wool from Prato, Italy
	Man-made cellulosic fibres, like Lyocell
	Latxa sheep wool from the Basque Country of Spain
	Chemicals from waste
Chemical	Bio-MEG, bio-MPG, and renewable functional fillers from wood
	Polylactic acid (PLA)
Plastic	Polypropylene from used cooking oil

SUSTRACK's Definition of Circular Biobased Economy

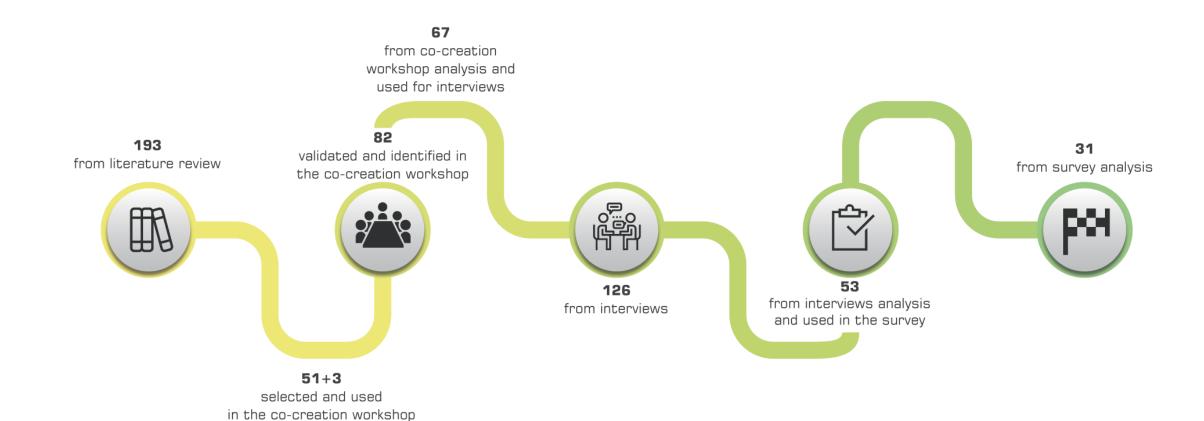






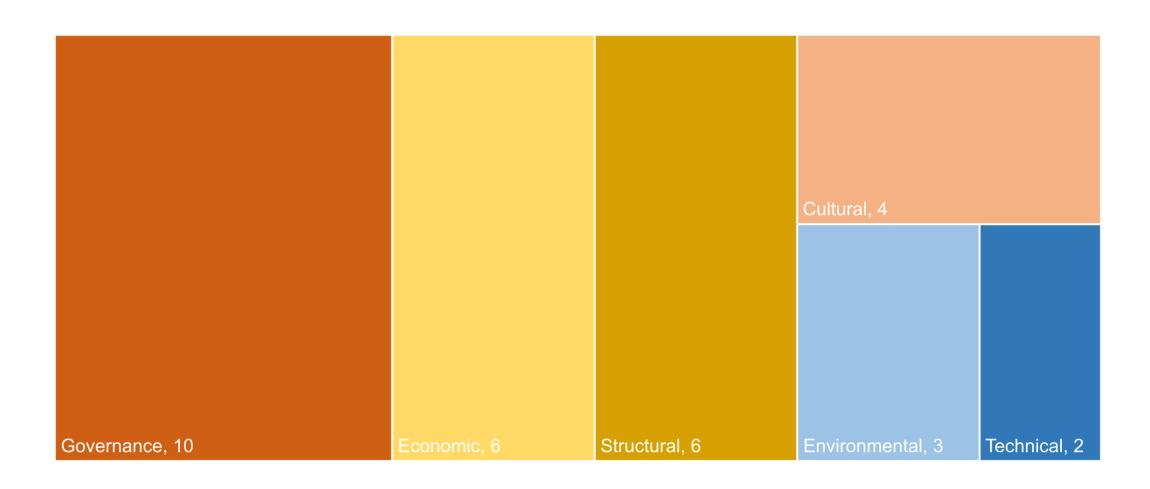
Barriers to the Transition





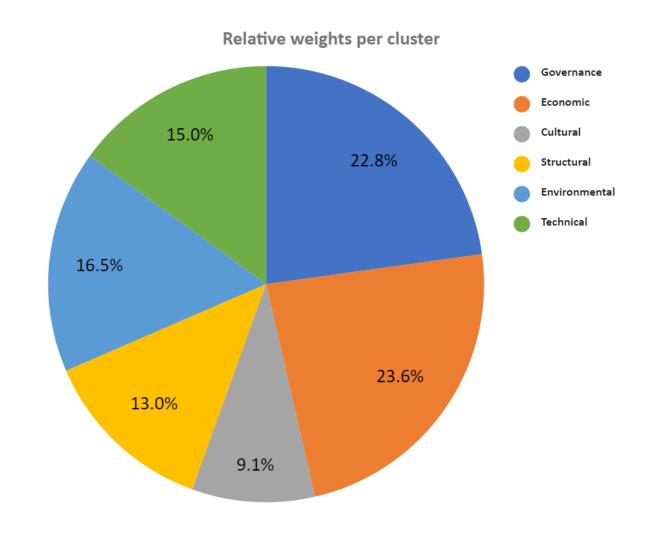
Barriers to the Transition





Barriers to the Transition





Top-Ranked Barriers to the Transition



Cluster	Barrier
Economic	Weak cost competitiveness: bio-based vs. fossil-based ingredients, materials or products
Environmental	Lack of harmonised methods for environmental, climate and sustainability impact assessment
Cultural	Consumer confusion and lack of trust due to generic sustainability claims and the proliferation of certification schemes and labels
Governance	Competing political interest with fossil-based industries
Structural	Lack of value chain stakeholder collaboration
Technical	Incompatible and/or insufficient infrastructure capacity for EoL product collection, storage and management

The Most Influential Barriers to the Transition



Cluster	Barrier
Governance	Competing political interests with fossil-based industries (big lobbies etc.)
Structural	Social and technical lock-ins to the current linear system
Governance	Fragmented regulatory framework across European countries and at national/regional level
Governance	Regulatory complexities and lack of support for the transition at government level

For further reading...



Sustainable Production and Consumption 48 (2024) 407-418



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Sustainable Production and Consumption

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/spc



Review Article

Barriers to transitioning to a circular bio-based economy: Findings from an industrial perspective

Elina Dace ^{a, b}, Alessandro Cascavilla ^a, Marco Bianchi ^c, Elisa Chioatto ^d, Emy Zecca ^e, Luana Ladu ^{f, g}, Gülşah Yilan ^{a, *}

^a Bioeconomy in Transition Research Group, UnitelmaSapienza University of Rome, 00161 Rome, Italy

b Baltic Studies Centre, Riga LV-1014, Latvia

^c TECNALIA, Basque Research and Technology Alliance (BRTA), E-48160 Derio, Bizkaia, Spain

^d Department of Economics and Management, University of Ferrara, 44121 Ferrara, Italy

e Department of Chemical, Pharmaceutical and Agricultural Sciences, University of Ferrara, 44121 Ferrara, Italy

^f Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (BAM), 12205 Berlin, Germany

g Technische Universität Berlin (TUB), 10623 Berlin, Germany



THANK YOU























